# **ECOSTRIPE**<sup>™</sup> Safety Data Sheet

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ECOSTRIPE / white and colors

Other means of identification: aerosol athletic field marking paint UN 1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, nos, (each not exceeding 1L in capacity) 2.1 LTD QTY

Recommended use: line striping paint for athletic fields, parking lots

Prepared by: Safety Department Source: US Specialty Coatings / 1000 McFarland 400 Blvd / Alpharetta, GA 30004 USA Company Phone Number: 770-740-8123 / 800-278-7473 / Fax: 770-740-8125 Emergency Telephone Number (24 Hours): INFOTRAC 352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-535-5053 (N.America)

### 2. HAZARD STATEMENTS

Classification

Flammable Aerosols -Category 1 Skin corrosion/ irritation -Category 2 Serious eye damage/ eye irritation - Carcinogenicity -Category 2A Category 2 Toxic to reproduction (fertility) -Category 2 Toxic to reproduction (unborn child) -Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 2

(Respiratory tract Irritation and narcotic effects) -Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Aspiration hazard -Category 2 Category 1

Signal word: Danger







Hazard Statements:

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents Under Pressure. Harmful if inhaled May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Harmful if swallowed.

Appearance: Aerosol (in steel can) various colors Physical state: Liquid under pressure

Precautionary Statements: PREVENTION

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Use in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks / open flames / hot surfaces.

For indoor use: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors: open all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Respiratory Protection: A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.
Skin Protection: Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection. Use impervious gloves to prevent skin contact and absorption through the skin. Eye Protection: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids. Other protective equipment: Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application. IN CASE OF FIRE extinguish with CO2, dry chemical, foam, water fog

Precautionary Statements: RESPONSE

Eye Contact. Hold eyelids apart and flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contacts lenses if present after 5 minutes. Get medical attention. Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. Solvents evaporate quickly. Inhalation: Leave the area to obtain fresh air. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. Get immediate medical attention.

Precautionary Statements: STORAGE Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place

Precautionary Statements: DISPOSAL

Dispose of contents/container at an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC): Not Applicable

Other Information:

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION on INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name CAS No Weight-% Liquified petroleum 68476-86-8 20-30 Mineral spirits 8052-41-3 < 20 Toluene 108-88-3 2-5 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 < 10 Polymeric binder proprietary 20-30

Water 7732-18-5 45-55 (replaces VOC solvents)



### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: Move victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if you feel unwell

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: (Unlikely) Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting (aspiration risk). Drink 1/2 cup water, citrus fruit juice, or milk. Call a physician or poison control center

SKIN CONTACT: Wash off immediately with soap and water. Remove /Take off contaminated clothing and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Most important symptoms both acute and delayed:

Causes eye irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation. May cause slight skin irritation. High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

Chronic Hazards: May cause central nervous system disorder (e,g.,narcosis involving a loss of coordination, weakness, fatigue, mental confusion, and blurred vision) and/or damage. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR! Water spray may be ineffective. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Keep containers tightly closed.

Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame.

Perforation of the pressurized container may cause bursting of the can.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: FLASH POINT IS LESS THAN 20°F.
Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Contaminated rags, wipes, sawdust, etc. may catch fire spontaneously. Store waste in closed metal containers until disposed of in compliance with all applicable regulations.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Spills may be slippery. Prevent foot traffic. Environmental precautions: Do not discharge outside. Do not permit to escape directly into

creeks or other natural waterways. Methods for containment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up large spills: Reclaim liquid with mop and bucket. Filter and save for

some use where quality is not critical.

Methods for cleaning up small spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe fume /gas /mist /vapors /spray. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Storage Conditions: Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep locked up and out of reach of children and pets. Protect from direct sunlight. Store at 40-95°F.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL
Toluene CAS # 108-88-3	50 ppm TWA 150 ppm STEL	200 ppm TWA, 300 ppm CEILING, 500 ppm 10-min MAX. PEAK	100 ppm (375 mg/m3) TWA 150 ppm (560 mg/m3) STEL Revised IDLH: 500 ppm
Mineral spirits CAS # 8052-41-3	100 ppm (525 mg/m3) TWA	500 ppm (2,900 mg/m3) TWA	350 mg/m3 TWA 1,800 mg/m3 15-min. CEILING
Liquified petroleum CAS # 68476–85–7	1,000 ppm (1,800 mg/m3) TWA	1,000 ppm (1,800 mg/m3) TWA	1,000 ppm (1,800 mg/m3) TWA Revised IDLH: 2,000 ppm [LEL]

ACGIH TLV American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygenists / Time Limit Value OSHA PEL Occupational Safety and Health / Permissible Exposure Limit NIOSH REL National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health / Recommended Exposure Limit

IDHL Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentration

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Individual protection measures, Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/ face protection: Wear approved splash goggles.

Skin and body protection: Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves.
Respiratory protection: Under normal exterior conditions, respirator is not required. General Hygiene: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.



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### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

pH not determined

Melting point/freezing point (for propellent) -187 °C (-305 °F) Initial boiling point & range (for propellent) -0.5 °C (31.1 °F) at 1,013.25 hPa Flash point (for propellent) < -60 °C (< -76 °F) Method: ASTM D 92

Evaporation rate: faster than water Flammability (solid, gas) Gas

Lower flammability limit (for propellent) 1.8 % (V)

Upper flammability limit (for propellent) 8.5 % (V) Vapor pressure (for propellent) 2,399.8 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapor density (for propellent) 2.007 at 21.1 °C (70.0 °F) (Air = 1.0)

Relative density (water =1): Less than 1 Solubility (H2O) Negligible

Solubility in other solvents: Yes (petroleum solvents)

Partition coefficient, Autoignition temperature, Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity, Dynamic viscosity, Explosive properties, Oxidizing properties:

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: None under normal processing. Hazardous polymerization: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials. Heat. Incompatible materials: Bleach. Strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides. Others not determined.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled Eye contact: Causes eye irritation. Skin Contact: Harmful in contact with skin. Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed (unlikely).

Component Information

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Toluene CAS # 108-88-3	636 mg/kg (rat/4hr)	14,100 mg/kg (rabbit)	440 mg/kg (mouse/24hr)
Mineral spirits CAS # 8052-41-3			11,000 mg/m3 (rat)
Liquified petroleum CAS # 68476–85–7			> 10,000 ppm (gas)

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects: please see section 4 of this SDS

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure: Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable for human.

Chemical Name **ACGIH** IARC NTP OSHA Toluene Group 3

Legend:

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A4 - Not classifiable for human or animal.

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Not determined

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Algae / Chemical Aquatic plants		Fish	Microbes	Crustacea	
Toluene CAS # 108-88-3	EC50 96 h >433 mg/L EC50 72 h 12500 µg/l Fresh water Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	17 mg/l 24 hours [Fish (Blue Gill)]. 13 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Blue Gill)]. 56 mg/l 24 hours [Fish (Fathead minnow)]. 34 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Fathead minnow)]. 56.8 ppm any hours (Goldfish)	_	LC50 13 mg/l 48 hours [Daphnia] (water flea)	
Mineral spirits CAS # 8052-41-3	EC50 (algae) > 1000 mg/L 96-hr	Fathead Minnow 800 mg/L	_	daphnia magna > 100 mg/L	
Liquified ErC50 petroleum (algae) CAS # > 7.71 mg/l 68476–85–7 96 hours		-	_	LC50 daphnia > 14.22 mg/l 48 hours	

Persistence and degradability: Not determined.

Bioaccumulation: Not determined. Contains no known bioaccumulative ingredients.

Mobility: Not determined.

Chemical Name Partition coefficient Liquified petroleum 2.89

Other adverse effects Not determined

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods; dispose of wastes in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional. national and local laws.

California Hazardous Waste Status: Not determined

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN ID No Proper Shipping Name (same for DOT, IATA and IMDG)

UN 1950 AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, nos, (each not exceeding 1L in capacity) 2.1, LTD QTY

Emergency Telephone INFOTRAC 352-323-3500 (International) 1-800-535-5053 (North America) Note: Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information,

including exemptions and special circumstances.



### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/

/ European List of Notified Chemical Substances ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health, Fire Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure

**SARA 313** 

Chemical N	ame CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Value	
Toluene	108-88-3	15%	1 %	

CWA - Reportable Quantities: 1000 lb (Toluene) CWA - Toxic Pollutants

CWA - Priority Pollutants

CWA - Hazardous Substances: Yes (Toluene) Hazardous Substances RQ: 1000 lb (Toluene)

CERCLA/SARA RQ Reportable Quantity: 1000 lb final / 454 kg final (Toluene)

US State Regulations:

California "Proposition 65" (The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) requires the following warning label ..

MARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals, including toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause reproductive harm.
For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

US State Regulations: U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name Massachusetts New Jersey Pennsylvania Illinois Rhode Island Toluene CAS# 108-88-3 Х Х Х

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.